The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 176

Tuesday, January 20. 1736. № 176.

Reflections occaſioned by the Faction's *Papers of* Saturday *laſt.*

ON the preſent joyful Occaſion, on the glorious Proſpect of general Tranquillity, of the Settlement of *Europe* in univerſal Peace; ſhould we find any among us to whom theſe Views give no Pleaſure, could we help concluding them to be, not only deſtitute of Love for their Country, but dead to Humanity, to all Concern for Mankind? And if we ſhould find others, who were ſo far from being rejoiced with this opening Scene of publick Felicity, that it manifeſtly gave them Pain; ſhould we not want Words to expreſs their Brutality and Baſeneſs? ſhould we not ſtand in Aſtoniſhment at their cruel Enmity to all ſocial Good? ſhould we not juſtly look upon them, not only as Foes to their Country, to their own Nation, but as the declared Enemies of the whole human Race?

Should there be any ſuch in *Britain*, they might not perhaps, in explicit Terms, declare their Repinings and Uneaſineſs at an Event big with publick Bleſſings; they might not expreſly ſay, they were grieved and vexed to ſee their Country reſtored to a State of greater Security, to ſee their promiſed Harveſt of Confuſion removed from their Hopes, and, inſtead thereof, Peace ſhedding her divine Comforts on every neighbouring Nation: Such undiſguiſed and bare-faced Oppoſition to the Welfare of their Country, and the Good of Mankind, would be too ſhocking to produce any Effect but Deteſtation and Abhorrence of their Actions and Deſigns, in every Breaſt that had the leaſt Spark of Humanity or Publick Affection left.

It would be then in a more covered Manner that their Diſcontent at the publick Tranquillity would exert itſelf, and all Art would be uſed to conceal the Savageneſs of their Wiſhes; they would not openly declaim againſt Peace; the Advantages thereof are too apparent to be publickly condemned: But we ſhould ſee them endeavouring to expoſe and defame every Meaſure which had contributed to produce it.

Although the Credit, Reputation, and Awe of the Power of *Great Britain* might be ſuch, that its being in Readineſs to act, its Appearance only might be ſufficient, that it might produce the intended Effect, without the Guilt of War, without Bloodſhed, without ſtriking a Blow: We ſhould nevertheleſs ſee this greateſt and higheſt Proof of ſuperior Influence be made the Subject of Ridicule by *ſuch Men*; and we might be told by thoſe who would ſincerely rejoice to ſee the Negotiations of *Britain* without any Power to enforce them, and her Commerce void of Protection, that waxen Armies, and waxen Fleets would have done as well.

We may have ſeen *France* profeſſedly undertaking a War to gain a powerful Northern Kingdom to a *Prince* in her own Intereſts; and yet we may have ſeen all the Power of *France*, when united with mighty Allies, not daring to aſſert her Deſigns in any efficacious Manner, or endeavour their Accompliſhment, for fear of the *Britiſh Arms*; we may have ſeen *Dantzick* unrelieved, unſupported by *France*, in whoſe Cauſe ſhe was embarked, and for whom ſhe ſuffered, leſt the *Britiſh Valour* ſhould be made an Enemy; we may have ſeen the Counſels of *France* rendered abortive in their Endeavours to unite and fix to her Intereſts the Crowns of *Denmark* and *Sweden*; we may have ſeen even the *Elector* of *Bavaria* detached from her Cauſe; we may have ſeen a moſt valuable Ally imploring and obtaining our Protection, and ſaved by it from being a Sacrifice to a ſtronger Neighbour, to a very formidable Alliance; we may have ſeen the *Britiſh* Commerce ſupported and protected in perfect Security, amidſt all the Broils of contending Princes; we may have ſeen every *Power* in *Europe* ſeeking either the Protection or Neutrality of *Britain*, courting her either to be a Friend, or no Enemy; we may have ſeen the beſt of Princes, our *Auguſt Sovereign*, not only anxious for the Welfare and Peace of his own Dominions, for the Happineſs of his own Subjects, but extending his Labours to procure univerſal Tranquillity, to calm the Differences of *Princes*, and give Peace to all *Europe*; we may have ſeen him, for this Purpoſe, offering to the Powers at War an equitable *Plan* of *Pacification*, a wiſe Adjuſtment of their various Differences, and a proper Settlement of the Equilibrium of *Europe*; we may have ſeen him ſteadily and vigorouſly ſupporting his juſt Deſign, rouzing the Remiſs and Indolent, and continually increaſing his Power to aſſert his righteous Intentions, by adding Strength to Strength, and Alliance to Alliance, till the moſt mighty, moſt victorious Combatants found it neceſſary to lay aſide their Hoſtilities, reconcile their Diſſentions, and unite upon Terms not eſſentially varying from thoſe firſt propoſed.

I ſay, we may have ſeen all this, and yet after it, be told by *ſuch Men* as I have deſcrib'd, that *Foreign Powers* have paid little Regard to the Influence of *Britain*; we may be told alſo, that becauſe this glorious Event has been effectuated without ſhedding a Drop of *Britiſh* Blood, or engaging us in any Hoſtilities, that therefore our *Fleets* and *Armies* have been uſeleſs, and only burdenſome Expences on the People. But let us conſider what might have been the Caſe, if *Britain* had neither raiſed *Fleets* nor *Armies* to give Weight to her Councils, and Force to her Negotiations, if ſhe had ſate ſtill an unconcern'd and negligent Spectator; let us conſider *France* as having relieved and ſupported *Dantzick*, as having carried her numerous Armies into *Poland*, aſſerted the Claim of *Staniſlaus* to that Kingdom, and perhaps prevail'd in the Acquiſition thereof; let us conſider her too as having united, by Treaties, the Crowns of *Denmark* and *Sweden* to her Intereſts, while her Powerful Ally had eaſily run over and ſubdued, unaided, unaſſiſted *Portugal*, and ſeized her Treaſures; and the *Elector* of *Bavaria* at the ſame time finding Means to declare in her Cauſe. In ſuch Circumſtances, I ask, where would have been the Balance of Power, the *Liberties* of *Europe*, and Proſperity of *Britain*? Would they not have been all buried in one common Grave? Would they not have been all ſunk in the devouring Gulph of deſpotick Power in the Houſe of *Bourbon*?

Can then any Men, but ſuch as I have deſcribed, think that our *Fleets* and our *Armies* have been uſeleſs; or, that *Britain* has had no Weight in preventing this threatening Ruin, when, without her Interpoſition, it had, in all Probability, ere this happen'd? No; it is plain, theſe *pretended Patriots* are not angry that *Britain has not* influenced the Contending Powers to *Peace*, but that ſhe has. It is plain they cannot bear to ſee *his Majeſty* receive the grateful Acclamations of his People for ſecuring to them this invaluable Benefit; they confeſs their ſavage Pain, and would repreſent the Shouts of a happy, free People, as *hired Huzzas*, and all that join in them as a *ragged Rabble*; theſe are the Compliments they pay to the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and to every Man in the Kingdom, who has either Loyalty for his Prince, or Love for his Country. Nor is it at all unnatural, that *thoſe* who indulge themſelves * *in the higheſt Exultations*, who ſung *Io Paeans* to themſelves on the breaking out of the War, at the Proſpect of Univerſal Miſery and Confuſion, ſhould now be confounded, diſappointed, and enraged at the Proſpect of publick Tranquillity, and univerſal Happineſs.

Britannus.

* *Craftſman Feb.* 16. 1733.

An EPIGRAM *on* his Majeſty's *going to the Parliament Houſe; occaſioned by the* Craftſman *of Saturday laſt.*

ROUND Brunswick's Coach the *happy Britons* throng,
And bear with grateful Shouts their *Prince* along;
Joy fills the Skies, with intermingled Prayers,
And *Europe*'s general Voice ſeems rais'd in theirs:
Caleb alone with Grief ſurveys the Crowd;
Nor can contain, his Rage he vents aloud:
Are thus my Toils repaid, ye witleſs Herd?
Is *Britain*'s Peace at laſt to mine prefer'd?
Ye ragged Raſcals, ye are *hir'd* to this,
Be incorrupt like me, and give a *Hiſs*.
Huzza, ye *brib'd*; but give me Patriot Strife,
And let me, *gratis*, *hiſs* away my Life.

Hague, Jan. 24.

THE ſeveral Provinces of this Republick having unanimouſly conſented to the Declaration which was propoſed to them to be made jointly by the King of Great Britain and this State, upon the Preliminary Articles of Peace, which had been communicated to his Britannick Majeſty, and to their High Mightineſſes, by the Courts of Vienna and France, a final Reſolution paſſed accordingly in the Aſſembly of the States General, on Saturday laſt the 21ſt Inſtant; which Reſolution being that Day delivered, in the Name of the two Maritime Powers, to the Imperial and French Miniſters, was by them immediately diſpatched by Expreſſes to their reſpective Courts. This Morning the Spaniſh Ambaſſador ſent away a Courier for Madrid, with the States Anſwer to his late Memorial, and with a Declaration delivered to him and to the Sardinian Miniſter. In the mean time Letters from Madrid of the 2d Inſt. adviſe, that his Catholick Majeſty had declared to the French Ambaſſador there, that he had reſolved to comply with the Preliminaries. Count Uhlefeld is preparing to ſet out for Bruſſels, there to meet Count Kinski, who ſet out from Vienna on the 9th Inſtant, for England.

Edinburgh, Jan. 13. Laſt Night Andrew Wilſon Baxter, and Indweller in Path-head of Kirkcaldy, George Robertſon Stabler at Briſtol Port, Edinburgh, William Hall, Indweller in Edinburgh, John Galloway, Servant to Peter Galloway Baxter, in Kinghorn, and John Ferrier, Porter in Edinburgh, were all committed to cloſe Priſon here, in different Apartments, being brought under a ſtrong Guard from Anſtruther, on account of a moſt audacious Robbery committed by them at Pittenweem, upon Friday the 9th Current, after the following Manner, viz. About 11 o'Clock at Night, they went to the Exciſe Office there, where they underſtood Mr. Stark the Collector, and Mr. Clark the Supervisor were lodged: An Hour after, imagining both aſleep, they went to the Room where the Collector lay, but finding the Door faſt, they attempted it ſeveral Ways; at laſt the lower Part thereof gave Way; the Noiſe awaked Mr. Stark, who immediately jumped from his Bed, and thruſt a Table and ſome Chairs in the Gap, which gave him juſt Time to make his Eſcape in his Shirt, by getting over the Window, with what of the King's Money he could readieſt put his Hands to; in this Condition he continued in a Corn-yard for upwards of three Hours. Mean time the Rogues rifled his Cloak-bag of all the Gold, Silver and Bank-Notes they could find to the Value of 200 l. Not ſatisfied with this, they took his Pocket-Book, Linnen, and every other Thing they could come at belonging to him, even the Cloak-bag itſelf. The Supervisor being alarmed with the Noiſe, and juſtly dreading the Conſequences, made his Eſcape in the ſame Manner with his Breeches in Hand, and thence run to Anſtruther, where Part of the Militia lay, whoſe Aſſiſtance he immediately got: Upon his Return to Pittenweem, accompanied by them, he met one of the Rogues, whom he apprehended; and upon ſearching him, found ſeveral Things belonging to the Collector. As ſoon as he was brought back to Pittenweem, the Servants of the Houſe knew him to be one of the Number; being convicted in this Shape, he informed the Supervisor againſt all his Accomplices, and accordingly the whole Gang were apprehended at Anſtruther, where a Precognition was taken before the Magiſtrates; and 'tis believed there will be ſufficient Evidence againſt them all. The Vigilance and Activity of the Juſtices of the Peace, and Magiſtrates of Anſtruther, was very remarkable upon this Occaſion.

It appears from the Precognition, that one of the Villains was immediately concerned in breaking open the Cuſtomhouſe of Kirkaldy ſome Time ago, and carrying thence a hundred Pound Sterling, and was alſo a Party in breaking open the Exciſe Office there, and taking away thirteen Anchors of Brandy.

L O N D O N.

By Letters from Ireland, we have an Account of much the ſame kind with the former from Edinburgh. —— A few Days ago an Officer of Exciſe [illegible]

Ardmagh in the County of Tyrone, was attack'd by 4 Men who robbed and tied him, but being ſet at Liberty ſoon after by ſome Travellers, they aſſiſted him in raiſing the Country, and purſuing thoſe Miſcreants. They fortunately overtook them at a Houſe, where the Villains having Intelligence of their imminent Danger, put themſelves in a Poſture of Defence, and kept off the Hands of Juſtice for 24 Hours, during which time they made frequent Fires on thoſe that ſurrounded the Houſe, and killed one of the Countrymen; but their Ammunition being ſpent, and the Houſe ſet on Fire, they ſurrender'd themſelves, and were from thence taken to Omagh Gaol, where they now lie. The Officer got all the Money that was taken from him.

Yeſterday Se'nnight Mrs. Ormsby was bury'd at St. James's Church in Dublin in a grand Manner, the Herſe being preceded by the Blue Coat Boys, and the poor Boys of the four Pariſhes of St. Michan, St. John, St. Catherine, and St. Andrew, to each of which Pariſhes ſhe left 20 l. and 100 l. to the Blue Coat Hoſpital.

Laſt Thurſday Se'nnight the Honourable Company of Hunters had their annual Ball at the Royal Palace of Holyroodhouſe at Edinburgh; the Honourable Mr. Charles Leſlie, *King*, and the Right Hon. the Lady Helen Hope, *Queen*. The Gentlemen and Ladies in general made a very grand Appearance, and there was an elegant Entertainment ſerved up with the richeſt Wines, and the whole was carried on with all imaginable Decorum, till 4 o'Clock next Morning, when it concluded.

That Day two Men were executed aa Dunkeld, for Horſe-ſtealing; and during the Execution a Man in that Place enhumanly murdered his own Wife, who was big with Child.

At the Seſſions held laſt Week at Norwich for that County, a Man and a Woman were burnt in the Hand, and the aforeſaid Man and another were whipped laſt Saturday: And next Saturday Anne Bird and Anne Birk, two pretended Fortune-Tellers, are to ſtand in the Pillory, for defrauding a young Woman of a conſiderable Sum of Money under that Pretence.

At the Seſſions held the ſame Week upon Caſtle-hill for the County of Norfolk, George Wilthy was ordered to be whipped, for ſtealing a Shirt and Shift; and John Ulph, who was committed on Suſpicion of poyſoning Cattle, was ordered to remain in Priſon for counſelling and endeavouring to aſſiſt divers Priſoners to make their Eſcape, and procuring Fire Arms for that Purpoſe.

The Rev. Mr. John Gaudy is preſented by Thomas Fonnereau, Eſq; to the Living of Tuddenham St. Martin, withing 4 Miles of Ipſwich.

Yeſterday the Rev. Dr. Cobden preached an excellent Sermon before the Societies for Reformation of Manners, at St. Mary le Bow, at which were preſent the Right Rev. the Lords Biſhops of London, Rocheſter, Litchfield and Coventry, Chicheſter and Glouceſter, the Right Worſhipful Sir Gerard Conyers, Knt. and Alderman, ſeveral of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, many of the Rev. the Clergy, and a large Auditory.

Laſt Monday Se'nnight died at the Bath, after a very long Illneſs, Col. Joſeph Smith, Captain of a Company of Invalids, and ſome time Aid de Camp to his late Majeſty.

On Thurſday Morning next the Corpſe of Bulſtrode Peachy Knight, Eſq; late Member of Parliament for Midhurſt in Suſſex, is to be carried, in a very private Manner, from his late Dwelling-houſe in Dean-ſtreet, Soho, in order to be interred at Charlton Abbey in the County of Hants.

Yeſterday ten Men were draughted out of each Company in the firſt and third Battalions of the Firſt Regiment of Foot Guards; as were alſo ten Men out of each Company in the ſecond Battalion of the Second Regiment, to be ſent into Gariſons.

Laſt Saturday in the Afternoon a Boat going with two Women Paſſengers from Hungerford to Putney, was overſet in Chelſea Reach, by which Accident one of the Women was drowned; but the other and the Watermen were taken up alive by a Fiſhing Boat.

Yeſterday Morning the Lady of Sir Robert Brown, Bart. was brought to Bed of a Daughter, at his Houſe in Pall-mall.

It was generally reported about Town Yeſterday, that the Hon. Mrs. Anne Vane, Daughter of the Right Hon. the Lord Barnard, died at the Bath on Thurſday laſt.

The Subject of the Hyp-Doctor this Day publiſhed, is, The Arguments demonſtrating in what and whom the Court and Country Intereſt are moſt perfectly united; and a Letter to the Author, containing more compleat and accurate Accounts of Merlin, than have been publiſhed from the beſt Authors; as alſo the Key to the Engliſh Law concluded.

Yeſterday Bank Stock was 147 7-8ths. India 170. South Sea 95 3-4ths. Old Annuity 110 1-8th to 1-4th. New ditto, 110 3-4ths. Three per Cent. 101 1-half. Emperor's Loan 109. Royal-Aſſurance 104 1-half. London-Aſſurance 13 1-half. York Buildings 2. African 14. India Bonds 5 l. 10 s. to 11 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 4 l. 12 s. Prem. South Sea Bonds 5 l. 5 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 5 l. 15 s. to 17 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Tallies 4 to 5 Prem. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 1 s. Welſh ditto, Books Prem. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders ſhut. 1-half per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 111.

On Thurſday next will be publiſhed,

The SECOND EDITION, of

AN IMPARTIAL REVIEW of the preſent State of Affairs in Europe. From the *Daily Gazetteers* of the 15th and 16th of this Inſtant January. To which will be prefixed, a LETTER to the *Authors of the Craftſman*, occaſioned by a Paragraph in their laſt Paper.

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ΣΤΕΙΧΟΤΣΑΝ ΑΣΤΟΙΣ ΑΝΤΙ ΤΗΣ ΣΩΤΗΡΙΑΣ.

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The Sixth Edition corrected of,

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N. B. No Letters received except Poſt paid.

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